

| Indicator | Group | Data Source | Baseline Year | Baseline | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | Status | 2026 Goal |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------|--|------|------|------|------|--------|--|
| Goal 1: Ensure all people know their HIV status to close the gap between infection and diagnosis | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 Estimated percent of people living with HIV who know their status | All | Surveillance | 2021 | 90% | 90% | | | | | | 95% |
| 1.2 Percent of people diagnosed with AIDS at initial HIV diagnosis | All | Surveillance | 2021 | 18% | 15% | | | | | | 13% |
| 1.3a Percent of people diagnosed with AIDS within one year of their initial HIV diagnosis | All | Surveillance | 2021 | 20% | 24% (2021) | | | | | | 15% |
| 1.3b Percent of people diagnosed with AIDS within one year of their initial HIV diagnosis | Black, African-born | Surveillance | 2020 | 38% | 40% (2021) | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 1.3b Percent of people diagnosed with AIDS within one year of their initial HIV diagnosis | Black, not African-born | Surveillance | 2020 | 23% | 19.2% (2021) | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 1.3b Percent of people diagnosed with AIDS within one year of their initial HIV diagnosis | Foreign-born | Surveillance | 2020 | 30% | 38.2% (2021) | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 1.4 Percent of tests conducted by Ryan White-funded and CDC prevention-funded grantees for people within priority populations | Priority populations | Grantee reporting | 2023 | TBD | 54% | | | | | | Increase % of tests for priority populations |
| 1.5 Percent of EIS provider organizations trained on culturally responsive and trauma-informed HIV testing | EIS providers | Grantee reporting | 2023 | TBD | All EIS provider organizations attend the three day HIV Tester Training delivered by MDH staff (in collaboration with community workers who also reflect clients served). These trainings include cultural humility, motivational interviewing, and harm reduction approaches. | | | | | | Train all EIS providers on culturally response & trauma informed HIV testing |
| Goal 2: Ensure all people with HIV have the equitable care and comprehensive resources they need to achieve sustained viral suppression and maintain optimal health and wellness | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.1a Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | All | Surveillance | 2021 | 90% | 82%** | | | | | | 95% |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | American Indian | Surveillance | 2021 | 67% | 78%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | Black, African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 88% | 86%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | Black, not African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 88% | 76%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | BIPOC MSM ²⁷ | Surveillance | 2020 | 88% | 85%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | PWID | Surveillance | 2021 | 58% | 84%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | MSM 13 to 24 | Surveillance | 2021 | 79% | 80%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | Transgender | Surveillance | 2019 | 80% | 67%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.1b Percent of PWH linked to care within 30 days of diagnosis | Greater MN | Surveillance | 2021 | 85% | 77%** | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.2a Percent of PWH retain in HIV care | All | Surveillance | 2021 | 71% | 75% | | | | | | 85% |
| 2.2b Percent of PWH retain in HIV care | American Indian | Surveillance | 2021 | 66% | 69% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.2b Percent of PWH retain in HIV care | Black, African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 66% | 70% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.2b Percent of PWH retain in HIV care | Black, not African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 68% | 73% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.2b Percent of PWH retain in HIV care | Hispanic | Surveillance | 2021 | 64% | 69% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.2b Percent of PWH retain in HIV care | BIPOC MSM | Surveillance | 2021 | 68% | 74% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.2b Percent of PWH retain in HIV care | PWID | Surveillance | 2021 | 62% | 72% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.3 Percent of people enrolled in Ryan White services retained in care | All Ryan White enrollees | CAREWare | 2021 | 96% | 91.2%*** | | | | | | 96% |
| 2.4a Percent of PWH report not having trouble paying medical bills | All | Needs Assessment (NA) | 2020 | 60% | 69.2% | | | | | | 80% |
| 2.4b Percent of PWH report not having trouble paying medical bills | American Indian | NA | 2020 | 60% | 60.4% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.4b Percent of PWH report not having trouble paying medical bills | Black/African-born | NA | 2020 | 60% | 71.0% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |

Minnesota and TGA Integrated HIV Prevention and Care Plan 2022 - 2026 Monitoring Plan

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| 2.4b Percent of PWH report not having trouble paying medical bills | Hispanic | NA | 2020 | 60% | 59.8% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.4b Percent of PWH report not having trouble paying medical bills | Multiple races | NA | 2020 | 65% | 65.0% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5a Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | All | Surveillance | 2021 | 64% | 66% | | | | | | 75% |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | American Indian | Surveillance | 2021 | 48% | 58% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | Black, African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 61% | 63% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | Black, not African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 58% | 61% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | Hispanic | Surveillance | 2021 | 60% | 61% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | BIPOC MSM | Surveillance | 2021 | 61% | 64% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | PWID | Surveillance | 2021 | 53% | 61% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | MSM 25 to 34 | Surveillance | 2021 | 62% | 76% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.5b Percent of PWH who are virally suppressed | Greater MN | Surveillance | 2021 | 57% | 64% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.6 Percent of people enrolled in Ryan White services who are virally suppressed | All Ryan White enrollees | CAREWare | 2020 | 91% | 91.5% | | | | | | 95% |
| 2.7 Percent of people diagnosed with HIV who are enrolled in Ryan White services | All | CAREWare | 2021 | 52% | 46.9% | | | | | | 60% |
| 2.8a Percent of PWH who report they were able to access needed mental health serv. | All | NA | 2020 | 67% | TBD | | | | | | 80% |
| 2.8b Percent of PWH who report they were able to access needed mental health serv. | Black/African American | NA | 2020 | 60% | TBD | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.8b Percent of PWH who report they were able to access needed mental health serv. | Black/African-born | NA | 2020 | 50% | TBD | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.8b Percent of PWH who report they were able to access needed mental health serv. | Hispanic | NA | 2020 | 63% | TBD | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.8b Percent of PWH who report they were able to access needed mental health serv. | Transgender | NA | 2020 | 65% | TBD | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.8b Percent of PWH who report they were able to access needed mental health serv. | 30 to 39 | NA | 2020 | 52% | TBD | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.8b - proxy - Percent of PWH who reported that emotions, nerves, or mental health did not cause them to miss an HIV medical appointment | All | NA | 2020 | | 78.6% | | | | | | |
| 2.8b - proxy - Percent of PWH who reported that emotions, nerves, or mental health did not cause them to miss an HIV medical appointment | Black/African American | NA | 2020 | | 78.5% | | | | | | |
| 2.8b - proxy - Percent of PWH who reported that emotions, nerves, or mental health did not cause them to miss an HIV medical appointment | Black/African-born | NA | 2020 | | 93.6% | | | | | | |
| 2.8b - proxy - Percent of PWH who reported that emotions, nerves, or mental health did not cause them to miss an HIV medical appointment | Hispanic | NA | 2020 | | 84.0% | | | | | | |
| 2.8b - proxy - Percent of PWH who reported that emotions, nerves, or mental health did not cause them to miss an HIV medical appointment | Transgender | NA | 2020 | | 65.7% | | | | | | |
| 2.8b - proxy - Percent of PWH who reported that emotions, nerves, or mental health did not cause them to miss an HIV medical appointment | 30 to 39 | NA | 2020 | | 71.4% | | | | | | |
| 2.9a Percent of PWH who report they are stably housed | All | NA | 2020 | 84% | 83.8% | | | | | | 95% |
| 2.9b Percent of PWH who report they are stably housed | American Indian | NA | 2020 | 79% | 79.2% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.9b Percent of PWH who report they are stably housed | Hispanic | NA | 2020 | 77% | 77.1% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.9b Percent of PWH who report they are stably housed | Transgender | NA | 2020 | 69% | 69.4% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.9b Percent of PWH who report they are stably housed | 18 to 29 | NA | 2020 | 71% | 70.5% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |

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|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------|---|------|------|------|------|--------|--|
| 2.10a Percent of PWH who report they never or rarely ran out of food in the last year | All | NA | 2020 | 56% | 55.6% | | | | | | 75% |
| 2.10b Percent of PWH who report they never or rarely ran out of food in the last year | American Indian | NA | 2020 | 36% | 35.5% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.10b Percent of PWH who report they never or rarely ran out of food in the last year | Black/African American | NA | 2020 | 46% | 50.2% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.10b Percent of PWH who report they never or rarely ran out of food in the last year | Hispanic | NA | 2020 | 43% | 35.5% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.10b Percent of PWH who report they never or rarely ran out of food in the last year | Multiple races | NA | 2020 | 35% | 35.0% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.10b Percent of PWH who report they never or rarely ran out of food in the last year | Transgender | NA | 2020 | 41% | 40.5% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.10b Percent of PWH who report they never or rarely ran out of food in the last year | 18 to 29 | NA | 2020 | 44% | 43.6% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 2.11 Percent of PWH who report their overall health is good or excellent | All | NA | 2025 | TBD | TBD | | | | | | Establish baseline |
| 2.12 Percent of PWH who report they achieved their definition of wellness | All | NA | 2025 | TBD | TBD | | | | | | Establish baseline |
| 2.13 Percent of PWH who report they received support to overcome barriers to accessing HIV care | All | NA | 2025 | TBD | TBD | | | | | | Establish baseline |
| Goal 3: Prevention new HIV transmissions by ensuring equitable access to evidence-based interventions and community-informed best practices | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.1a Number of annual new HIV diagnosis | All | Surveillance | 2021 | 298 | 262 | | | | | | 150 |
| 3.1b Rate per 100,000 population of annual new HIV diagnosis | American Indian | Surveillance | 2021 | 18.0 | 19.8 | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.1b Rate per 100,000 population of annual new HIV diagnosis | Black, African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 36.5 | 17.2 | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.1b Rate per 100,000 population of annual new HIV diagnosis | Black, not African-born | Surveillance | 2021 | 53.8 | 54.9 | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.1b Rate per 100,000 population of annual new HIV diagnosis | Hispanic | Surveillance | 2021 | 17.2 | 14.8 | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.1b Rate per 100,000 population of annual new HIV diagnosis | MSM | Surveillance | 2021 | 137.9 | 121.3 | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.2a PrEP-to-Need Ratio | African-born | aidsvu.org | 2021 | 19.41 | 22.33 | | | | | | 27.5 |
| 3.2b PrEP-to-Need Ratio | Black | aidsvu.org | 2021 | 3.80 | 3.77 | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.2b PrEP-to-Need Ratio | Hispanic | aidsvu.org | 2021 | 6.97 | 6.28 | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.3 Among people tested by EIS and prevention-funded grantee organizations, percent of HIV-negative clients who are screened for PrEP eligibility. | All | Evaluation Web | 2022 | TBD | 84.13% | | | | | | 20% above baseline (from 2022 data) |
| 3.4 Among people tested by EIS and prevention-funded grantee organizations, percent of people in priority populations who are eligible for PrEP who are referred and linked to a site for PrEP care. | Priority populations | Evaluation Web | 2022 | TBD | ALL: 68.90%; American Indian: 22.27% ; Black/African American: 20.11%; Hispanic: 9.60%; BIPOC: 12.37% | | | | | | 20% above baseline (from 2022 data) |
| 3.5 Among people tested by MDH-funded PrEP programs, percent of HIV negative clients who are eligible for PrEP who are prescribed PrEP. | All | PrEP Grantees Progress Report Review | 2022 | TBD | 41.31% | | | | | | 5% above baseline (from 2022 data) |
| 3.6 Among people tested by MDH-funded PrEP programs, percent of HIV-negative clients from priority populations who are eligible for PrEP who are prescribed PrEP. | American Indian | PrEP Grantees Progress Report Review | 2022 | TBD | 1.66% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.6 Among people tested by MDH-funded PrEP programs, percent of HIV-negative clients from priority populations who are eligible for PrEP who are prescribed PrEP. | Black, African-born | PrEP Grantees Progress Report Review | 2022 | TBD | 2.32% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.6 Among people tested by MDH-funded PrEP programs, percent of HIV-negative clients from priority populations who are eligible for PrEP who are prescribed PrEP. | Black, not African-born | PrEP Grantees Progress Report Review | 2022 | TBD | 16.23% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |

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| 3.6 Among people tested by MDH-funded PrEP programs, percent of HIV-negative clients from priority populations who are eligible for PrEP who are prescribed PrEP. | Hispanic | PrEP Grantees Progress Report Review | 2022 | TBD | 20.86% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.6 Among people tested by MDH-funded PrEP programs, percent of HIV-negative clients from priority populations who are eligible for PrEP who are prescribed PrEP. | BIPOC MSM | PrEP Grantees Progress Report Review | 2022 | TBD | 48.96% | | | | | | Address disparities for priority populations |
| 3.7 Among people tested by MDH-funded PrEP programs, percent of people prescribed PrEP who refill their prescription. | All | De-identified data submitted to MDH quarterly | 2023 | TBD | No data available for 2022 (Refill of PrEP meds was never collected and reported) | | | | | | Require MDH-funded grantees to track & establish baseline for % of people who refill PrEP Rx |
| 3.8 Percent of PWH who report that someone else has used a needle after them within the last year. | All | NA | 2020 | 22% | 22.2% | | | | | | 10% |
| 3.9 Percentage of PWH identified through Ryan White-funded EIS as newly diagnosed or out of care clients who achieve viral suppression within 60 days of reconnection to HIV care. | All | CAREWare | 2023 | TBD | 72.4% | | | | | | Develop rapid referral & eligibility process for HIV diagnoses connected to an outbreak, justice involved PWH, newly diagnosed, and out of care. |
| Goal 4: Detect and repond effectively to growing HIV transmission clusters using molecular and surveillance data plus on-the-ground insights and quickly respond to other emerging health issues that impact people with HIV and people at risk for HIV infection | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.1 Number of HIV diagnoses associated with outbreak in Hennepin and Ramsey counties. | All | Surveillance | Oct. 4, 2022 | 149 | 161 | | | | | | Prevention further transmission |
| 4.2 Number of HIV diagnoses associated with outbreak in the Duluth region. | All | Surveillance | Oct. 4, 2022 | 26.0 | 32 | | | | | | Prevention further transmission |
| 4.3 Number of clusters identified that are closed out due to successful interruption. | All | MDH cluster spreadsheet | 2022 | TBD | 0 | | | | | | Identify clusters & respond to interrupt potential future outbreaks |
| 4.4.1 Number of HIV cases not in care that are referred to care by DHS. | All | MDH cluster spreadsheet | 2022 | TBD | TBD | | | | | | Respond to connect HIV cases in transmission clusters to care via data-to-care interventions |
| 4.4.2 Percent of people who are retained in care, of HIV cases that are referred to care by DIS. | All | MDH cluster spreadsheet | 2022 | TBD | TBD | | | | | | Respond to connect HIV cases in transmission clusters to care via data-to-care interventions |
| 4.4.3 Percent of people who achieve viral suppression, of HIV cases that are referred to care by DIS. | All | MDH cluster spreadsheet | 2022 | TBD | 68% | | | | | | Respond to connect HIV cases in transmission clusters to care via data-to-care interventions |

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²⁷ Identified as MSM who are American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian/Pacific Islander, Black/African American, Black/African-born, Hispanic of any race, multiple races, or other race/ethnicity.

**2022 care continuum looks at percent of PWH linked to care in 2021

***Drop is likely due to not collecting data in Form 1s, which usually accounts for around 6% of retention.